

THE INFANTE DON LUIS DE BOURBON (EL INFANTE DON LUIS DE BORBÓN)

CLASIFICACIÓN: EASEL PAINTING. PORTRAITS



DATOS GENERALES

CRONOLOGÍA	1783
UBICACIÓN	Private collection, Madrid, Spain
DIMENSIONES	49 x 40 cm
TÉCNICA Y SOPORTE	Oil on canvas
RECONOCIMIENTO DE LA AUTORÍA DE GOYA	Documented work
TITULAR	Private collection
FICHA: REALIZACIÓN/REVISIÓN	17 Jan 2010 / 15 Jun 2023

INSCRIPCIONES

Retrato del Serenísimo / Señor Ynfante Don Luis Antonio / Jayme de Borbón / Que de 9 a 12 de la mañana día 11 de sept / del año de 1783 / hacía don Francisco de Goya ("Portrait of His Highness the Señor Infante Don Luis Antonio de Bourbon, made between 9 and 12 in the morning of the 11th of September of 1783 by Don Francisco de Goya", on a piece of card stuck to the back of the canvas).

HISTORIA

This work was painted for the Infante Don Luis. It came from Boadilla del Monte (Madrid) and belonged to the sitter's descendants, the Count and Countess of Chinchón, and was later inherited by the Duke and Duchess of Sueca.

ANÁLISIS ARTÍSTICO

The Infante Don Luis de Bourbon (1727-1785) was born at Madrid's Buen Retiro Palace. He was the youngest of the sons of Philip V and his second wife, Isabel de Farnesio. He received a careful upbringing and education, inheriting from his mother a taste for the arts and surrounding himself later in life with illustrious figures. At the age of eight he was promoted to the ranks of cardinal and archbishop of Toledo and Seville, but these he renounced following the death of his mother, stating that he lacked the vocation. In 1776, he entered into morganatic wedlock with María Teresa de Vallabriga y Rozas, of Zaragoza, and from this marriage were born María Teresa de Bourbon y Vallabriga, the future Countess of Chinchón, Luis María, who would later become cardinal-archbishop of Toledo, María Luisa and Antonio María, who died at an early age.

Just like the portrait of the infante's wife, with which this painting forms a pair, this work was done by Goya in the summer of 1783, during the first of the trips that the artist made to Arenas de San Pedro (Ávila), the habitual place of residence of the family. Both works are preparatory studies for the large canvas of *The Family of the Infante Don Luis*, housed at the Magnani-Rocca de Corte de Mamiano Foundation (Parma, Italy).

The bust portrait shows the sitter in profile, standing out from a dark background, wearing dress coat and white shirt with lace frills and buckle, over the top of which we see the blue sash of the Order of Charles III and, underneath, the red of the Golden Fleece. His hair is tied back in a short ponytail with a dark blue bow which is almost invisible against the background. We can see the intense blue colour of the infante's only visible eye, which Goya has tried to imbue with a certain transparent quality. In the sitter's rosy face we can appreciate the effects of age, along with something of the gentle, spiritual character of the subject.

The quick, loose brushstrokes make it entirely plausible that Goya completed this work in a very short amount of time, just as the inscription claims.

EXPOSICIONES

Francisco de Goya. IV Centenario de la capitalidad

organized by Ayuntamiento de Madrid and Dirección General de Bellas Artes at the Casón del Buen Retiro Madrid 1961

consultant editor Valentín de Sambricio

cat. 30

Goya (1746 – 1828)

Galleria Internazionale d'Arte Moderna di Ca'Pesaro Venecia 1989

consultant editor Antonio Fortún Paesa. From May 7th to July 4th 1989

cat. 23

Luis María de Borbón y Vallabriga

Museo de Zaragoza Zaragoza 2007

organized by Fundación Goya en Aragón at the Museo de Zaragoza consultant editors

Goya

Musée Jacquemart-André Paris 1961

consultant editor Jean-Gabriel Domergue. From December 1961 to February 1962

cat. 19

Realidad e imagen. Goya 1746 – 1828

Museo de Zaragoza Zaragoza 1996

consultant editor Federico Torralba Soriano. From October 3th to December 1st 1996

cat. 21

Goya y el infante don Luis: el exilio y el reino.

Palacio Real, Madrid Madrid 2012

Arte y ciencia en la época de la ilustración española. Responsable científico

Goya nelle collezioni private di Spagne

Villa Favorita Lugano 1986

consultant editor Marta Medina. From June 15th to October 15th 1986

cat. 7

Goya. 250 Aniversario

Museo Nacional del Prado Madrid 1996

consultant editor Juan J. Luna. From March 29th to June 2nd 1996

cat.62

Goya et la modernité

Pinacothèque de Paris Paris 2013

from October 11st 2013 to March 16th 2014

cat. 219

Zaragoza, consultant editors
María Luisa Arguís and Miguel
Beltrán Lloris. From September
25th 2007 to January 8th 2008
p. 24

Francisco Calvo Serraller. Del
octubre de 2012 a enero de 2013.
cat. 9

Goya: The Portraits

London 2015
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Vie et ouvre de Francisco de Goya

GASSIER, Pierre y WILSON, Juliet
p. 94 cat. 206
1970
Office du livre

GUDIOL RICART, José
vol. I, p. 257, cat.144
t. I
1970
Polígrafa

L'opera pittorica completa di Goya

ANGELIS, Rita de
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1974
Rizzoli

Goya en las colecciones madrileñas

LAFUENTE FERRARI, Enrique (comisario)
pp. 14 (il.) - 19
1983
Amigos del Museo del Prado

Goya. 250 Aniversario

LUNA, Juan J. (Comisario)
pp.148 (il.) y 343 , cat. 62
1996
Museo del Prado

Realidad e imagen. Goya 1746 - 1828

TORRALBA SORIANO, Federico (comisario)
pp. 86 y 87 (il.),cat. 21
1996
Gobierno de Aragón y Electa España

Goya y el infante don Luis de Borbón (Homenaje a la "Infanta" María Teresa de Vallabriga)

JUNQUERA Y MATO, Juan José (comisario)
p. 86
1996
Ibercaja

OROPESA, Marisa and RINCÓN GARCÍA,
Wilfredo
pp. 280-281
2013
Pinacoteca de París

BRAY, Xavier
pp. 39-40
2015
National Gallery Company

ENLACES EXTERNOS