

# DEATH OF SAINT FRANCIS XAVIER (LA MUERTE DE SAN FRANCISCO JAVIER)

CLASIFICACIÓN: EASEL PAINTING. RELIGIOUS



## DATOS GENERALES

CRONOLOGÍA

Ca. 1771 - 1774

UBICACIÓN

Museum of Zaragoza, Zaragoza, Spain

DIMENSIONES

56 x 42 cm

TÉCNICA Y SOPORTE

Oil on canvas

RECONOCIMIENTO DE LA AUTORÍA DE GOYA

Documented work

TITULAR

Museo de Zaragoza

FICHA: REALIZACIÓN/REVISIÓN

07 Jan 2010 / 27 Jun 2023

INVENTARIO

76 (9261)

## HISTORIA

This work was presumably created for one of Goya's relatives as a devotional painting. It was inherited by Ms. Francisca Lucientes, a descendent of his uncle Miguel, his mother's brother.

The Museum of Zaragoza acquired the canvas from the Lucientes family in 1926, together with another dedicated to the Virgin of the Pillar.

#### ANÁLISIS ARTÍSTICO

This dramatic scene, clearly divided into two sections - upper and lower - bears witness to the death of Saint Francis Xavier in 1552 on the Chinese island of Sangchuan, where he had been abandoned by the Portuguese who used to trade with the Chinese. In the background we can make out a ship, while the dying saint is pictured clutching a wooden cross, lying beneath an improvised shelter of palms guarded by the two putti which dominate the upper part of the canvas.

The work is executed in rapid, flowing brushstrokes. The face and the hands stand out as they are illuminated. The overlaying of light on dark gives depth to the painting.

The painting was acquired by the Museum of Zaragoza under the title *Discovery of the Body of Saint James* (Invención del cuerpo de Santiago), an incorrect identification based on the pilgrim's cloak worn by the saint and the shell hanging from his shoulder. However, under this cloak the saint wears the habit of the Jesuits, confirming his affiliation with that order.

A preparatory sketch for this painting can be found in the *Italian Sketchbook*, which proves its authenticity, although the artist did modify the original basic concept.

In terms of the painting's provenance, its identical size and the similarities between the putti in this work and those of the *Virgin of the Pillar*, also housed in the Museum of Zaragoza, suggest that they are a pair.

#### CONSERVACIÓN

The painting has a reddish base which shows through in certain areas of the work. It has been relined.

It underwent restoration work in the workshops of the Museum of Zaragoza, and the severe craquelure which the painting had suffered - as is the case of other paintings from this period of Goya's career, including its companion painting, the *Virgin of the Pillar* - was corrected.

#### EXPOSICIONES

##### **Exposición de obras de Goya y de objetos que recuerdan las manufacturas artísticas de su época**

Museo de Zaragoza Zaragoza 1928

organized by la Real Academia de Nobles y Bellas Artes de San Luis in collaboration with the Junta del Patronato del Museo Provincial. April 1928

cat. 463

##### **Goya. El Capricho y la Invención. Cuadros de gabinete, bocetos y miniaturas**

Museo Nacional del Prado Madrid 1993

from November 18th 1993 to February 15th 1994. Exhibited also at the Royal Academy of Arts, London, March 18th to June 12th 1994 and The Art Institute of Chicago, Chicago, July 16th to October 16th 1994, consultant editors Manuela B. Mena Marqués and Juliet

Wilson-Bareau

cat. 5

##### **Goya joven (1746-1776) y su entorno**

Museo e Instituto Camón Aznar Zaragoza 1986

consultant editor José Rogelio Buendía. November 21st to December 20th 1986

cat. 34

##### **Realidad e imagen. Goya 1746 - 1828**

Museo de Zaragoza Zaragoza 1996

consultant editor Federico Torralba Soriano. From October 3th to December 1st 1996

cat. 13

##### **Goya (1746 - 1828)**

Galleria Internazionale d'Arte Moderna di Ca'Pesaro Venecia 1989

consultant editor Antonio Fortún Paesa. From May 7th to July 4th 1989

cat. 11

##### **Goya e Italia**

Museo de Zaragoza Zaragoza 2008

organized by the Fundación Goya en Aragón, consultant editor Joan Sureda Pons. From June 1st to September 15th 2008

cat. 202

## **Goya et la modernité**

Pinacothèque de Paris Paris 2013

from October 11st 2013 to March  
16th 2014

cat.3

## **Goya y Zaragoza (1746-1775). Sus raíces aragonesas**

Museo Goya. Colección Ibercaja Zaragoza  
2015  
cat. 12

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Caja de Ahorros de Zaragoza, Aragón y Rioja

#### **Realidad e imagen. Goya 1746 – 1828**

TORRALBA SORIANO, Federico (comisario)  
pp. 72-73 (il.), cat. 13  
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Gobierno de Aragón y Electa España

#### **Goya y Zaragoza (1746-1775). Sus raíces aragonesas**

MENA MARQUÉS, Manuela B. et al.  
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Gobierno de Aragón

GUDIOL RICART, José  
vol. I, p. 252, cat. 113  
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1970  
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#### **Goya. El capricho y la invención. Cuadros de gabinete, bocetos y miniaturas**

MENA, Manuela B. y WILSON-BAREAU, Juliet  
(comisarias)  
pp. 112, 113, cat. 5 y p. 115 (il.)  
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Museo del Prado

#### **Goya e Italia, 2 vols.**

SUREDA PONS, Joan (comisario)  
vol. II, p. 262, cat. 202  
2008  
Fundación Goya en Aragón y Turner

#### **L'opera pittorica completa di Goya**

ANGELIS, Rita de  
p. 94, cat. 64  
1974  
Rizzoli

#### **Goya y Aragón. Familia, amistades y encargos artísticos**

ANSÓN NAVARRO, Arturo  
pp. 105, 107 y p. 106 (il.)  
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Caja de Ahorros de la Inmaculada de Aragón  
Col. Mariano de Pano y Ruata

OROPESA, Marisa and RINCÓN GARCÍA,  
Wilfredo  
pp. 56-57  
2013  
Pinacoteca de París

### **PALABRAS CLAVE**

**SAN FRANCISCO JAVIER**

### **ENLACES EXTERNOS**