THE YOUNG BULL (LA NOVILLADA)

CLASIFICACIÓN: EASEL PAINTING. TAPESTRY CARTOONS

SERIE: TAPESTRY CARTONS: POPULAR SUBJECTS (PAINTING, DRAWING AND SKETCHES, 1778-1780). ANTE-BEDROOM OF THE PRINCES OF ASTURIAS, PALACE OF EL PARDO (4/13)



DATOS GENERALES CRONOLOGÍA UBICACIÓN

DIMENSIONES
TÉCNICA Y SOPORTE
RECONOCIMIENTO DE LA AUTORÍA DE GOYA
TITULAR
FICHA: REALIZACIÓN/REVISIÓN
INVENTARIO

HISTORIA

See The Blind Guitarist.

The Prado National Museum. Madrid, Madrid, Spain
259 x 136 cm
Oil on canvas
Documented work
El Prado National Museum
29 Nov 2009 / 01 Jun 2023

This cartoon was delivered to the Royal Tapestry Factory on 24 January 1780, along with ten other cartoons, completing the decoration of the antechamber to the bedroom. These eleven

1778 - 1780

29 (P00787)

tapestry cartoons - almost certain to have been made between 21 July 1779, when the artist delivered A *Stickball Game* and *The Swing*, and this delivery in January 1780 - were executed very rapidly. It is very likely that Goya was aware of the planned suspension of manufacturing work at the factory and was anxious to finish his commissions and receive his wages.

Around 1856 or 1857, the cartoon was moved from the Royal Tapestry Factory of Santa Bárbara to the Royal Palace in Madrid. In 1870, it was taken to the Prado Museum under orders given on 18 January and 9 February.

ANÁLISIS ARTÍSTICO

The Young Bull shared the south wall of the room with The Tobacco Guards.

The subject of bulls and bullfighting was one that Goya, himself a keen aficionado, went back to time and again, and this was his first work along these lines. It is true that the result is not one of his best pieces; the young bull appears heavy and static whilst the toreros show little skill. The one on the right, dressed in red, could be a self-portrait of Goya fighting the animal, but this is not a commonly accepted theory since some writers maintain that Goya would not have depicted himself as a common majo. When he did paint himself into one of his works, five years later, it was as a court servant in the works *The Sermon of Saint Bernardine of Siena* and *The Count of Floridablanca*. His great fondness for bullfighting, however, may have led him to depict himself as a torero.

The theme was a polemic one, since Charles III did not like the bullfights, even though the Prince and Princess of Asturias did. This may explain why Goya did not choose a bullfight proper but rather something more in keeping with a fair, where it is the braver young men of the town or city rather than professional toreros confronting the bulls.

The background features a building that, as Camón points out, recalls Aragonese architecture, particularly in the way the tall windows are arranged. The same writer says that the best thing about this cartoon is the colouring employed on the suits of the young men - silky and iridescent, with deftly painted highlights.

Tomlinson believes that *The Young Bull* represents virility, in contrast to the lasciviousness and feminine sensuality embodied by the women in *The Swing* and *The Washerwomen* on the opposite wall.

EXPOSICIONES

Goya and his times

The Royal Academy of Arts London 1963 cat. 66

cat. 66

Goya: toros y toreros

Espace Van Gogh Arles 1990 displayed also at Academia de Bellas Artes de San Fernando, Madrid, consultant editor Pierre Gassier.

cat. 1 (sólo expuesto en Madrid)

Goya luces y sombras CaixaForum Barcelona 2012

consultant editors José Manuel

Goya in the Prado

The National Gallery of Art Washington 1976 from May 6th to 31st 1976

cat. 1

Goya. 250 Aniversario

Museo Nacional del Prado Madrid 1996 consultant editor Juan J. Luna. From March 29th to June 2nd 1996

cat. 27

Goya

Palacio de Pedralbes Barcelona 1977

from April 12th to June 30th 1977

Francisco de Goya: Maleri, Tegning, Grafikk

Nasjonalgalleriet Oslo 1996

from 10th to April 14th 1996

Goya en Madrid. Cartones para tapices 1775-1794 Museo Nacional del Prado Madrid 2014

Zaragoza 2017 cat. 20

Matilla and Manuela B. Marqués. From March 16th to June 24th 2012

cat. 57

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ENLACES EXTERNOS