

# THE FATES (LAS PARCAS)

CLASIFICACIÓN: MURAL

SERIE: BLACK PAINTINGS (WALL PAINTING AND SKETCHES, CA.1820-1823) (8/14)



## DATOS GENERALES

CRONOLOGÍA

Ca. 1820 - 1823

UBICACIÓN

The Prado National Museum. Madrid, Madrid, Spain

DIMENSIONES

123 x 266 cm

TÉCNICA Y SOPORTE

Oil painting on plaster transferred to canvas

RECONOCIMIENTO DE LA AUTORÍA DE GOYA

Undisputed work

TITULAR

El Prado National Museum

FICHA: REALIZACIÓN/REVISIÓN

27 Oct 2010 / 04 Mar 2024

INVENTARIO

399 (P00757)

## HISTORIA

See *Leocadia*.

## ANÁLISIS ARTÍSTICO

This painting was located on the first floor of the house, on the left-hand wall. It is a large composition dominated by the main figures in a scene that seems to be taking place at night. The figures are superimposed on a primitive landscape. They represent the Fates, the Daughters of the Night who control the thread of human life. In this work they are shown floating on a cloud, accompanied by a man whose arms are held behind his back. Atropos can be identified as the figure on the right of the painting from the scissors she is holding: according to Arnaiz, she is making a rude gesture with her fingers which could be interpreted as the painter mocking death. Clotho, who is usually depicted spinning the thread of life, in this case holds a doll in her hands - perhaps as a sacrifice - which is attached to her right hand by a thread. In the background is Lachesis: she normally holds the thread of life, although here she is shown with an object in her hand which has been interpreted variously as a magnifying glass with which she examines the thread of life, a

mirror symbolizing time and transience or a snake biting its tail, a symbol of eternity.

The lighting of the scene is striking, since it seems to be bathed in moonlight which picks out the objects carried by the Fates.

It has not been possible to find a global explanation for the scene; however, the identification of Atropos as the Fates by Brugada and Yriarte was very clear, and is the reason behind the title they gave to the painting. According to Bozal, the symbolic meaning of the Fates is altered by the changes Goya introduces in his representation, as well as by its relationship with the other Black Paintings.

#### CONSERVACIÓN

The figure of Atropos is the one that underwent the most changes due to the intervention of Martínez Cubells: based on x-ray analysis, it is believed that he overpainted a tear in the paint in the area of that figure.

#### EXPOSICIONES

##### **Pinturas Negras en la Exposición Universal de París**

Palacio del Trocadero París 1878

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10th 1878

##### **Goya. 250 Aniversario**

Museo Nacional del Prado Madrid 1996

consultant editor Juan J. Luna.

From March 29th to June 2nd  
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cat. 165

#### BIBLIOGRAFÍA

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pp. 140-141

1867

Henri Plon

##### **Goya, pintor de retratos, t. I**

BERUETE Y MONET, Aureliano de

pp.122-127

1916

Blass y Cia

##### **Vie et ouvre de Francisco de Goya**

GASSIER, Pierre y WILSON, Juliet

pp. 327-329, cat. 1615

1970

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GUDIOL RICART, José

vol. I, p. 378, cat.708

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p. 88-94

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##### **Goya. 250 Aniversario**

LUNA, Juan J. (Comisario)

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p.87-88

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##### **Las Pinturas Negras de Goya**

JUNQUERA, Paulina

p. 82-83

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[www.museodelprado.es](http://www.museodelprado.es)

#### ENLACES EXTERNOS