

RITA LUNA

CLASIFICACIÓN: EASEL PAINTING. PORTRAITS



DATOS GENERALES

CRONOLOGÍA	Ca. 1814 - 1818
UBICACIÓN	Private collection
DIMENSIONES	43 x 35.5 cm
TÉCNICA Y SOPORTE	Oil on canvas
RECONOCIMIENTO DE LA AUTORÍA DE GOYA	Documented work
TITULAR	Private collection
FICHA: REALIZACIÓN/REVISIÓN	07 Apr 2010 / 16 Jun 2023
INVENTARIO	1080 -

HISTORIA

In 1818, Mariano Goya found a number of works by his grandfather that had been hidden in a wardrobe. Among these works was this one, *A portrait of the actress Rita-Luna from the time of Moratín* (*Un retrato de la Rita-Luna actriz del tiempo de Moratín*), obviously painted sometime before 1818. Mariano, aware of Valentín Carderera's passion for collecting and willing to sell off Goya's estate, wrote a letter to Carderera in Huesca attaching a list of all of the pieces of interest that had been found, along with the price that he was asking for them. Carderera bought the lot.

This portrait later belonged to the collection of the Count of Oliva. It subsequently entered the Kimbell Art Museum in Fort Worth, Texas. In January 2007 it was acquired by a private collector at an auction held at Sotheby's in New York.

ANÁLISIS ARTÍSTICO

Rita Luna García (Malaga, 1770-Madrid, 1832) was a famous stage actress, the daughter of comical actors. She was at one time considered the greatest actress of her time, much to the dismay of her rival, *María del Rosario Fernández*, "*La Tirana*", whose portrait Goya also painted. She retired from the stage at the peak of her professional success, in 1806. Her final years were spent at the royal palace of El Pardo, where, according to Viñaza, this portrait was made, and where she carried out numerous charitable acts.

Here, Goya was not painting the famous actress in her moment of glory but rather the woman when she was older and living a quiet life. The bust portrait is dominated by the actress' sad, melancholy face. Her down-turned head is covered by a black shawl. She is depicted as an elegant señora, adorned with earrings and necklace and with her hair carefully styled. But all these details are eclipsed by the sorrow in her face.

The Count of La Viñaza mentions another portrait, of an unknown gentleman, made by Goya on canvas and affixed by the painter himself to a board so as to make a companion piece to that of Rita Luna. The man it depicts is probably also an actor.

EXPOSICIONES

Pinturas de Goya

Museo Nacional del Prado Madrid 1928
consultant editor Fernando
Álvarez de Sotomayor. From
April to -May 1928
cat. 83

Goya

Ministry of Foreign Affairs Burdeos 1951
organized by the Bordeaux City
Hall, consultant editor Gilberte
Martin-Méry. From May 16th to
June 30th 1951
cat. 40

Agen 2019
cat. 18

BIBLIOGRAFÍA

L'œuvre peint de Goya. 4 vols

DESPARMET FITZ - GERALD, Xavier
vol. II, p. 174, cat. 461
1928-1950

Vie et oeuvre de Francisco de Goya

GASSIER, Pierre y WILSON, Juliet
pp. 298, 377, cat. 1565
1970
Office du livre

GUDIOL RICART, José
vol. I, p. 368, cat. 656
t. I
1970
Polígrafa

L'opera pittorica completa di Goya

ANGELIS, Rita de
p. 130, cat. 596
1974
Rizzoli

Goya, su tiempo, su vida, sus obras

VIÑAZA, Conde de la
pp. 239, cat. LXIX y p. 259, cat. CVII
1887
Tipografía de Manuel G. Hernández, Impresor
de la Real Casa

Francisco de Goya, 4 vols.

CAMÓN AZNAR, José
vol. IV, p. 66
1980-1982
Caja de Ahorros de Zaragoza, Aragón y Rioja

MOTTIN, Bruno, EFEDAQUE, Adrien and
WILSON-BAREU, Juliet
p. 82
2019
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ENLACES EXTERNOS